

LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA

Physical Activity Policy framework on Healthy Ageing in Lithuania

November 28, 2019 Kaunas

1

What is Healthy Ageing?

"The process of developing and maintaining the **functional ability** that enables **wellbeing** in older age" (WHO).





There are more than 1 billion people aged 60 years or older





News

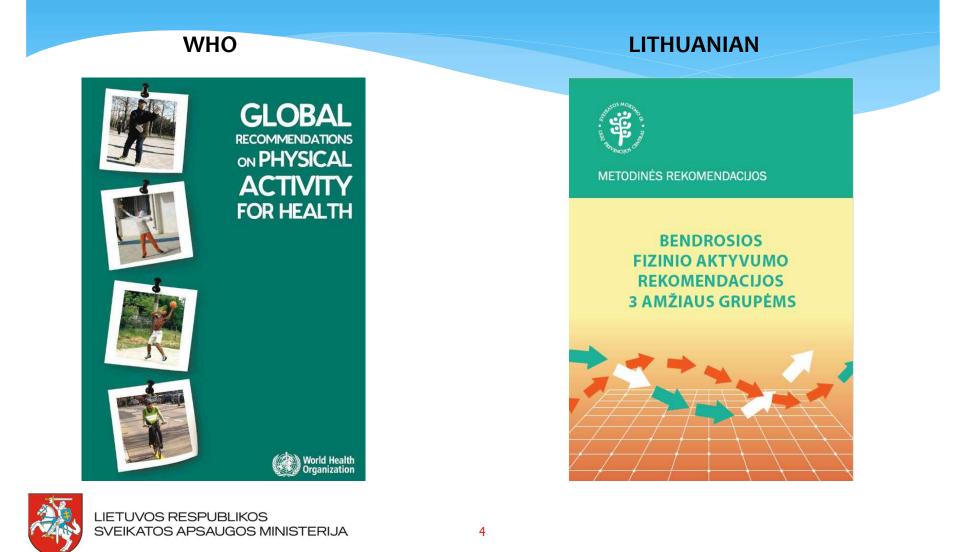
Home / Ageing / Decade of Healthy Ageing (2020-2030)





LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA

Physical activity recommendations



65 years and above

- Recreational or leisure time physical activity
- ➤ Walking/cycling
- Household chores
- ➤ Games
- Planned exercise
- > Daily, family, community activities

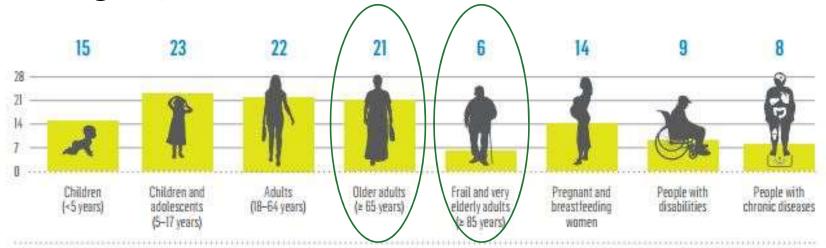


- At least 150 minutes of moderate-intensity aerobic physical activity throughout the week <...>
- $\circ~$ Aerobic activities should be performed in bouts of at least 10 min.duration
- Perform physical activity to enhance balance and prevent falls on 3 or more days per week
- Muscle-strengthening activities 2 or more days a week
- And other...





Number of countries in which specific age groups and special groups are covered by national recommendations







National recommendations on physical activity and health

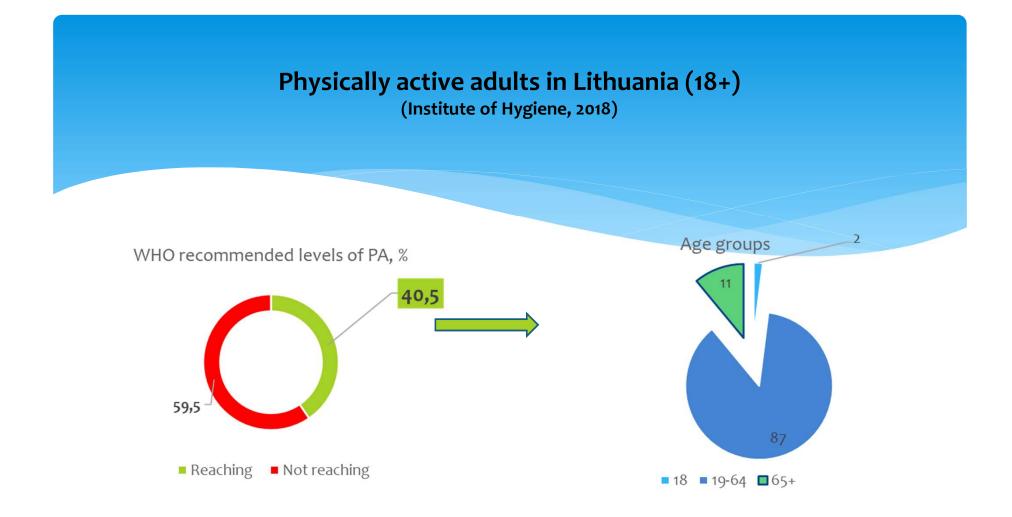
National recommendations on physical activity for health

TARGET GROUPS INCLUDED





LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA





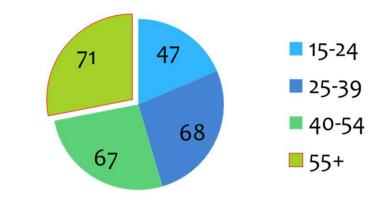
Physical activity in Lithuania (15+) (Special Eurobarometer on Sport, 2017)

Never do exercise or play sport:



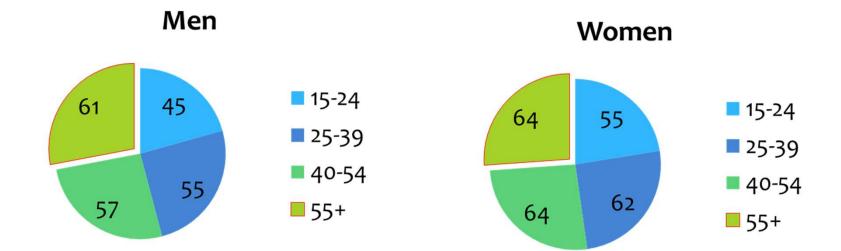


Women



Physical activity in Lithuania (15+) (Special Eurobarometer on Sport, 2017)

Engagement in other physical activity – cycling from place to place, dancing, gardening, etc.:





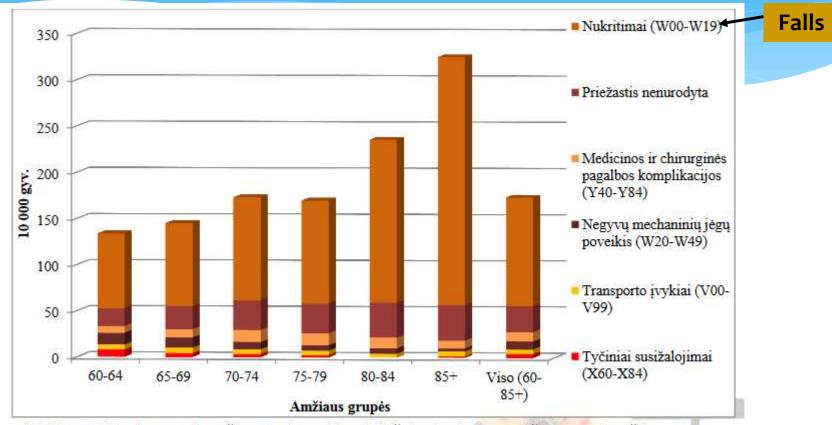
Issues of concern

FALLS - each year an estimated 646 000 individuals die from falls globally, making it the second leading cause of unintentional injury death, after road traffic injuries.

DIABETES and related **DEPRESSION** or **COGNITIVE IMPAIRMENT** are more common for older people.



Most common reasons of injuries in Lithuania



2.6.2.1 pav. 60 m. ir vyresnio amžiaus stacionaro ligonių dažniausios traumų priežastys pagal amžiaus grupes Lietuvoje 2014 m. (Šaltinis: Higienos instituto Sveikatos informacijos centras)



National policy actions





LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA

Lithuanian Health Strategy 2014–2025 Goals

Create safer social environment, reduce health inequities and social exclusion

Create health promoting working and living environment Foster healthy lifestyle and its culture Ensure high quality and effective **health care** focused on population needs



National Action Plan on Healthy Aging in Lithuania 2014–2023

Order of Lithuanian Health Minister

- Spread of information on rational use of medicine for different target groups: healthcare professionals, pharmacists and patients
- Elaboration of new models to improve the quality of healthcare services and access
- Promotional campaigns to raise awareness of elderly people on the topics of fall prevention, weight control, daily physical activity, care of mental health, etc., also involving into such activities the Third-Age Universities.



National Action Plan on Healthy Aging in Lithuania 2014–2023

Order of Lithuanian Health Minister, 2014

Falls prevention

- Manuals and guides for the specialists
- Recommendations for general population
- In-service training courses for health professionals
- Open and free events for elderly people, mostly using physical activity means

Cardio respiratory diseases and diabetes prevention

• Programme by the Health Minister on cardio respiratory diseases and diabetes prevention, free of charge for the risk groups patients: physical activity exercises, discussions on nutrition, mental health, monitoring of body indices and their change, recognising risk factors, etc.



The main trends of investment

46.35 mln. EUR: 39.4 mln. EUR EU funds + 6,95 mln. EUR co-finansing

Healthy lifestyle Falls prevention Mental health Healthy working conditions Nursing and geriatrics Rheumatology



LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA

EU Health programme



Frailty means increased vulnerability of older people. However, since frailty is not an inevitable tivate Windows consequence of ageing, it can be prevented to foster a longer and healthier life. ADVANTAGE JA will build to activate Windows a common understanding on frailty to be used in all the Momber States



LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA

1-. Awareness and stakeholders engagement including elderly people empowerment:

- Organizing a "Healthy Day" conference
- Writing articles, preparation of booklets, participation in TV shows, organization of conferences
- Celebrating Frailty-free Day
- Partnership with professional organizations via conferences and meetings



2-. Commitment to action on frailty (Policy alignment) Communication with policymakers and government officials:

Discussions on implementation of community-based health promotion and frailty prevention programmes Support of frailty policies in governmental discussions



3-. Promotion of healthy ageing and frailty prevention

Promoting physical activity and healthy nutrition in all age groups Preparation and delivery of the lectures on physical activity and healthy nutrition Frailty Prevention Approach Translation of the Frailty Prevention Approach (FPA) into Lithuanian and dissemination of it



4-. Population surveillance, screening and early diagnosis

Frailty screening tool:

Selection and validation of frailty screening tool

Preparation of questionnaire methodology, training of healthcare specialists Using questionnaire in primary health care and public health services

Systematic and periodical early frailty detection: development of systems in primary care:

Approval of the Ministry of Health of the frailty methodology and management Creation of frailty screening algorithm

Performance of comprehensive geriatric assessment



5-. Appropriate evaluation and interventions

Systematic and periodical frailty detection: development of systems in primary care and in hospital settings:

Guidelines to manage frailty (early detection and management) at the individual level Use CGA as the main tool to assess frail people in all settings in order to develop an individual care plan

Use guidelines in specific management aspects: polypharmacy, physical activity,

nutrition programmes, falls, immunization

Provide special care for the elderly in hospitals



6. -Guidelines to manage frailty (early detection and management): Primary care and general hospital care as well as specialised hospital care (surgery, cardiac intervention, oncology):

- Creating a health program for older adults
- Close cooperation with primary care:
- Reduce the risk of falls:
- Development of geriatric care services:
- Integrated care model ensuring coordination of health and social care
- Coordinate healthcare, social services and community in order to guarantee appropriate management of frailty.



7-. Ensure a sustainable and approprieteley trained workforce (education & training)

- To encourage the embedding of the frailty in medical, nursing, physiotherapy, occupational therapy, social work studies;
- Planning conferences and presenting up-to-date information about frailty
- Training healthcare specialists how to identify and manage frailty;
- Publications about frailty
- Include FPA in training courses of healthcare specialists



8-. Strenghten research capacities on frailty

Research in academic institutions:

- To promote research on frailty in older adults
- Involve doctoral and postgraduate students in research and projects on frailty
- Develop group of frailty experts for research



9-. Implementation support (finance, data sharing and ICTs)

Increasing funding for programs for older adults:

In partnership with policymakers and government officials search for better financing of the programmes for older adults

Create online platform to share resources, guidelines, recommendations, best practices, etc.



Monitor the implementation of this Road Map:

- > Develop indicators in order to monitor the implementation of this Road Map
- Use indicators to improve health



Policy implementation in local areas





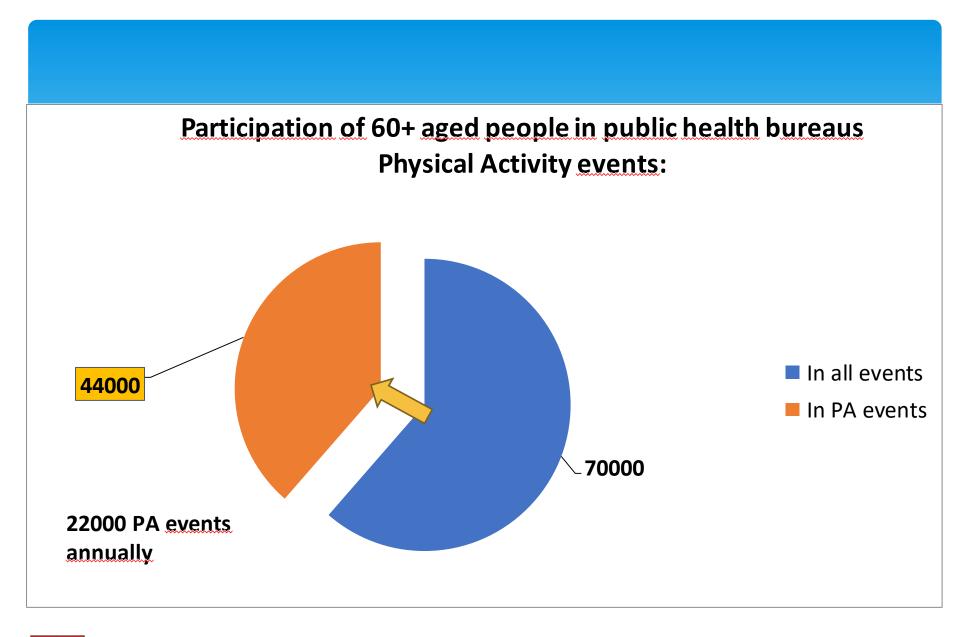


LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA

Physical activities are the most popular









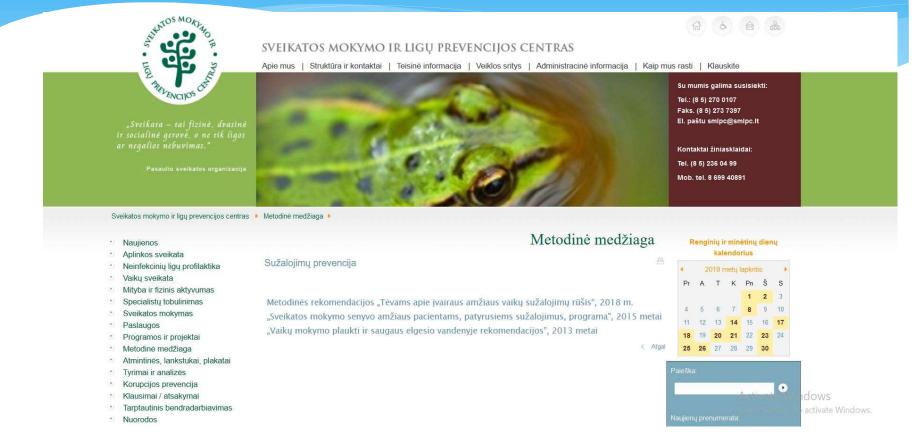
CHRODIS+

International experience

"Multimodal training intervention in Klaipėda city and district communities"

Aim – to improve and maintain health of old age adults through regular movement. Strength and endurance sessions **Content:** Evaluation of Lectures on effectiveness nutrition and every 6 health months LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKOS SVEIKATOS APSAUGOS MINISTERIJA 32

Promotion and methodological support





Main tasks for the future:







